

Scientific Activities Related to SKA in Taiwan

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1. Radio Research Activities in Taiwan

SMA



ALMA



AMiBA



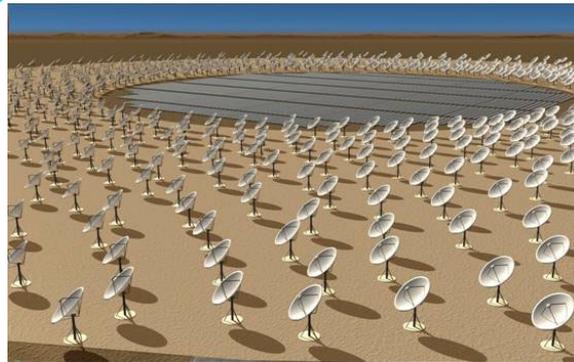
Future



GLT



SKA?



Possible SKA-Related Activities

(1) Cosmology and galaxy evolution

- H I emission/absorption statistics
- Radio-FIR relation of galaxies

(2) AGNs

- Collimation of jets
- Search for diffuse radio emission around AGNs

(3) Star formation

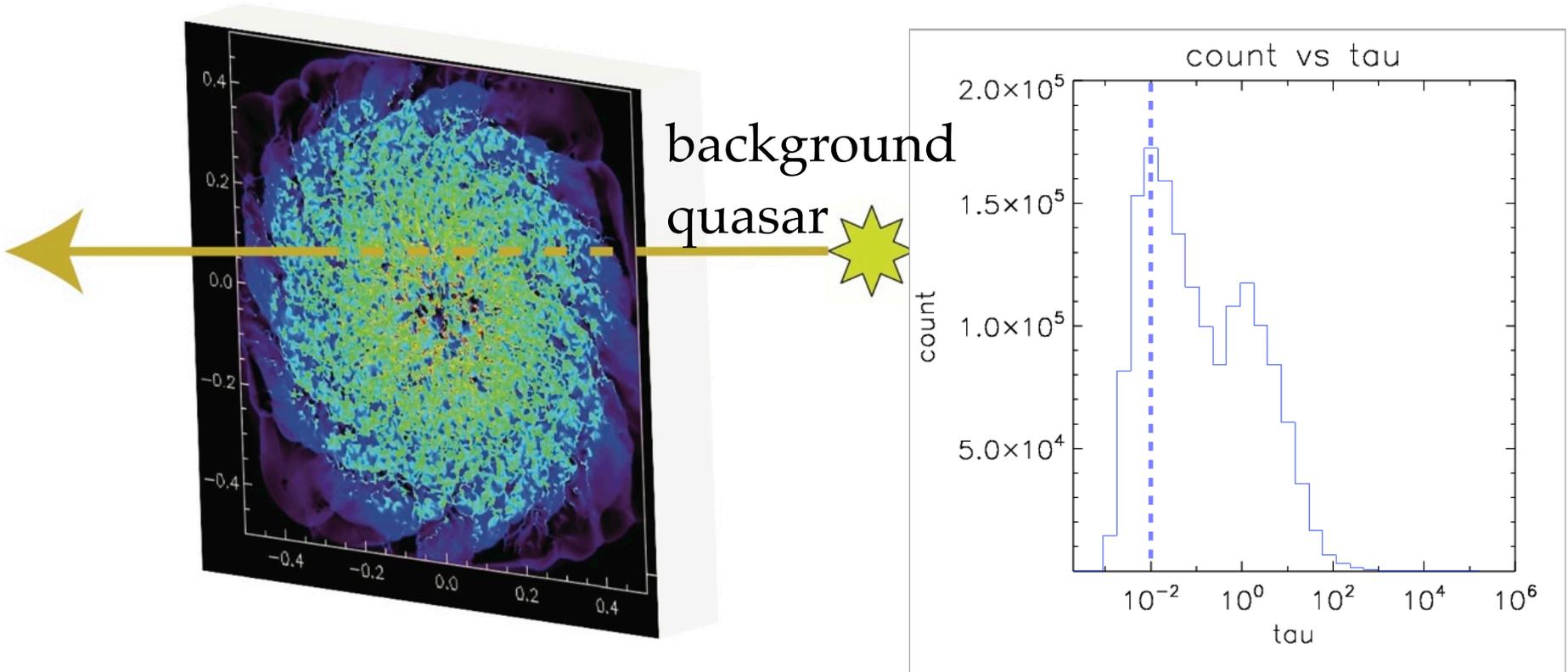
- Monitoring of young stellar objects

(4) Instrument Development

- Extension of ALMA Band 1
- GBT multi-beam receiver
- AMiBA future plan

H I Absorption Statistics

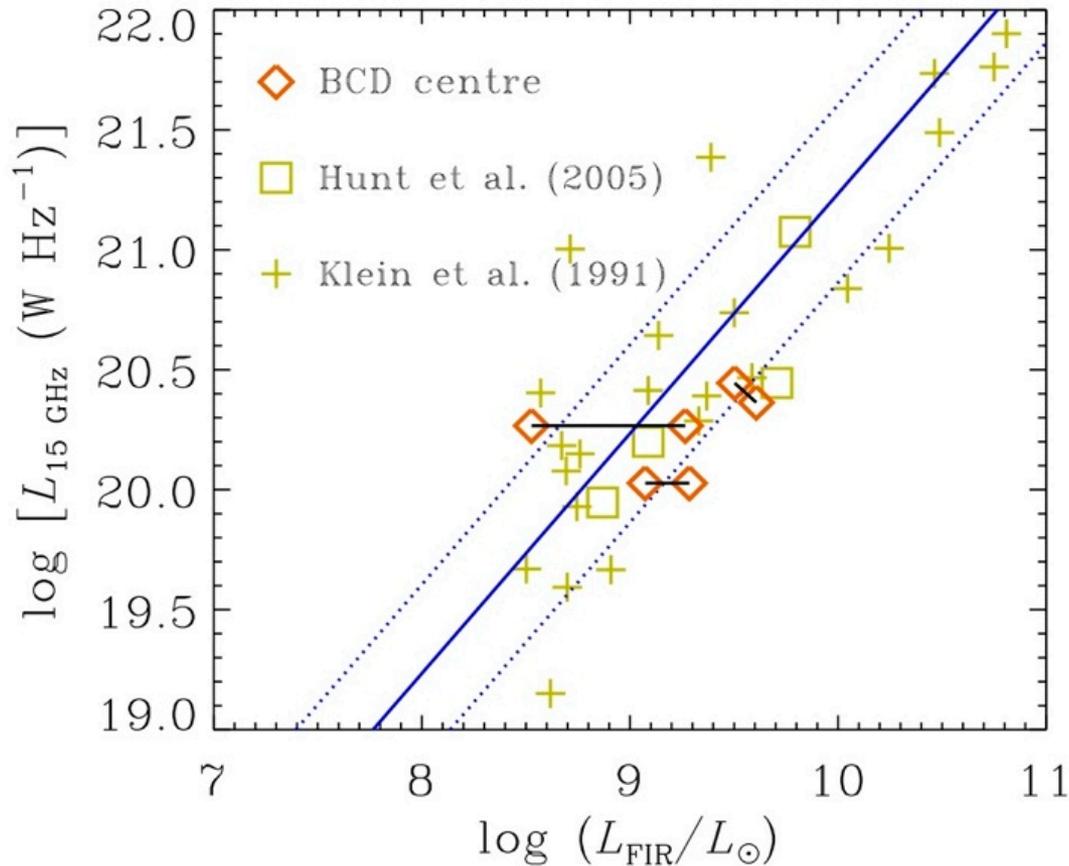
Damped Lyman α clouds (DLAs): $N_{\text{H}} > 2 \times 10^{20} \text{ cm}^{-2}$



Statistics of 21 cm absorption optical depth to be compared with a future large SKA sample

Radio Continuum as a SF Indicator

Hirashita (2013)

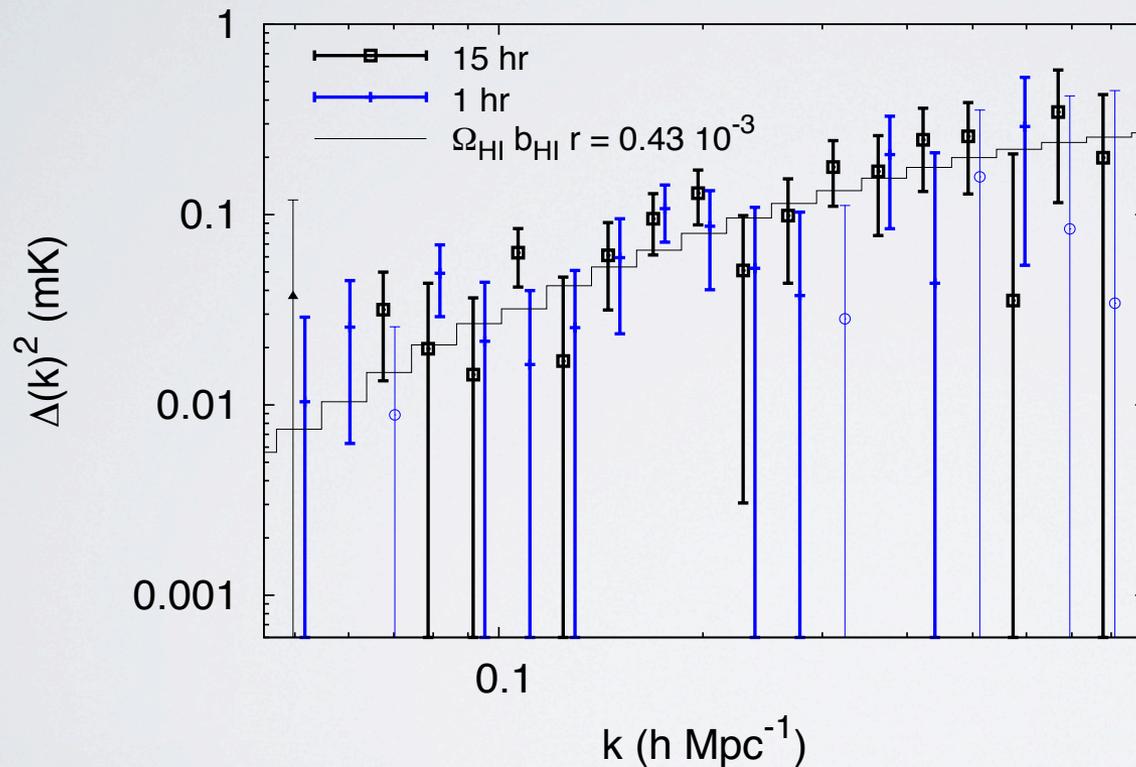


Radio–FIR
relation in nearby
dwarf galaxies
(BCDs:
1/10–1 Z_{sun})

With SKA, we can extend the sample to high- z metal-poor (primeval) galaxies.

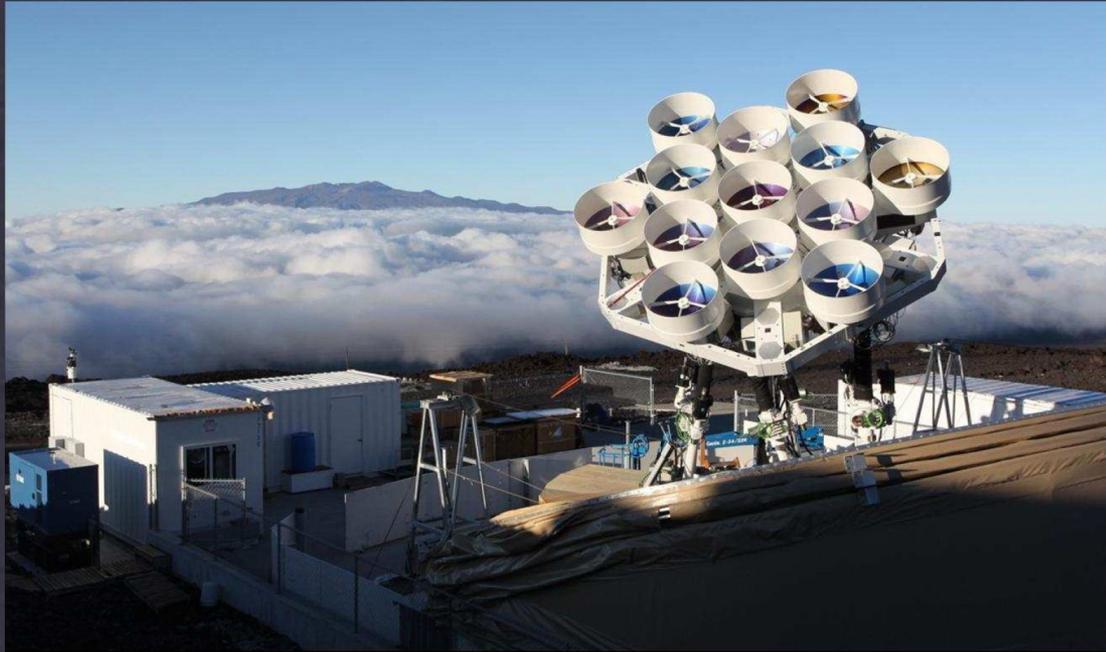
21CM INTENSITY MAPPING

Cross-correlating GBT HI & WiggleZ optical galaxies at $z \sim 0.6-1$



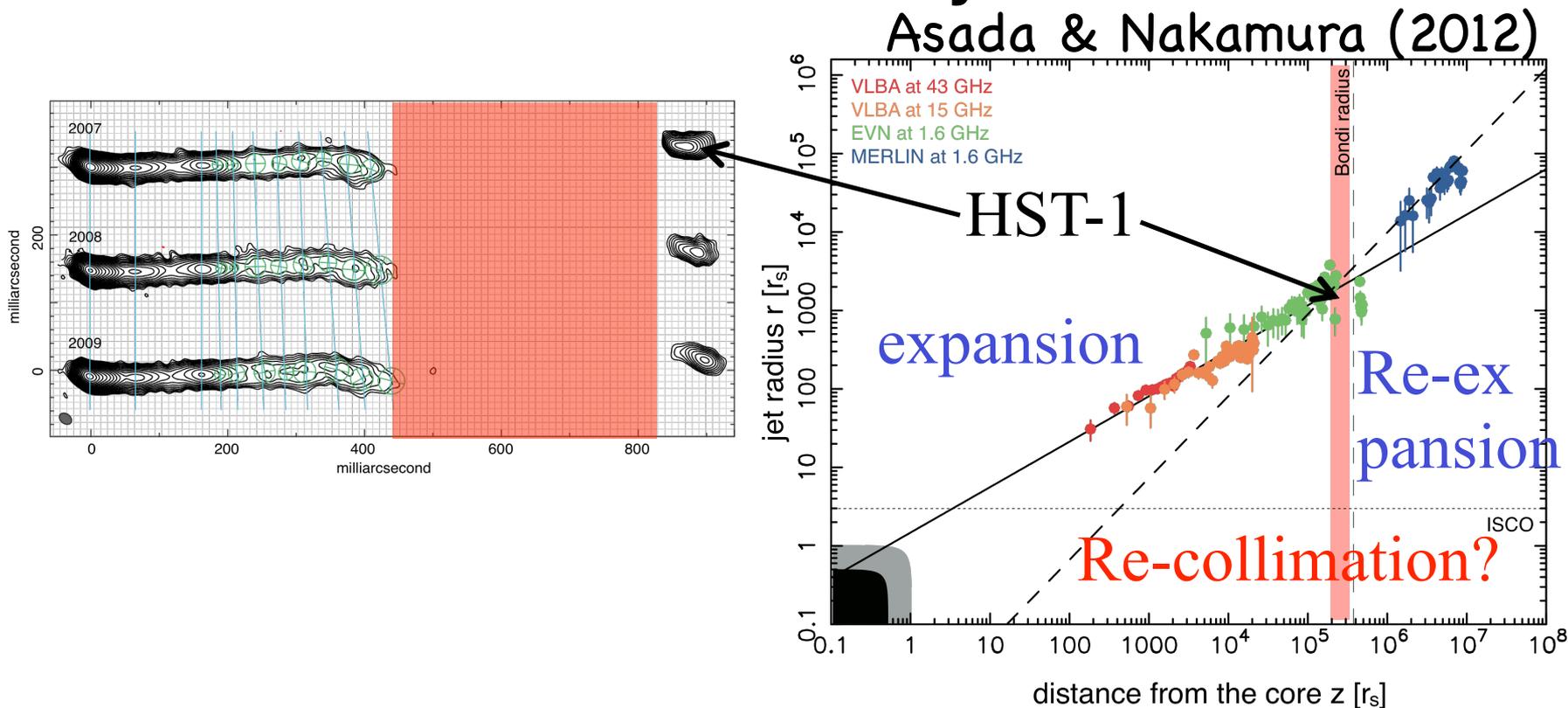
- 200 hours, 41 deg² survey at the GBT
- Measuring the WiggleZ fields at 800 MHz band, $0.5 < z < 1.1$
- Foreground subtraction using SVD in freq-freq covariance matrices, and correcting for frequency dependent beam
- Foreground subtraction down to factor of > 100
- HI brightness temperature on these scales at $z=0.8$:
- $\Omega_{\text{HI}} r b = (4.3 \pm 1.1) \times 10^{-4}$

CO intensity mapping with AMiBA-DACOTA



- 1.2 m dish, 6 m baseline, currently operate at 83-102 GHz
- At 30-32 GHz, probes $6.19 < z < 6.67$ for CO[2-1], $2.59 < z < 2.83$ CO[1-0]
- At 31 GHz, resolution=6.7', FoV =28', probes >10 Mpc scales
- AMiBA team (ASIAA): Paul Ho, Kai-Yang Lin, Ming-Tang Chen, Homin Jiang+
- DACOTA team (Berkeley/Arizona): Geoff Bower, Dave Deboer, Dan Marrone+

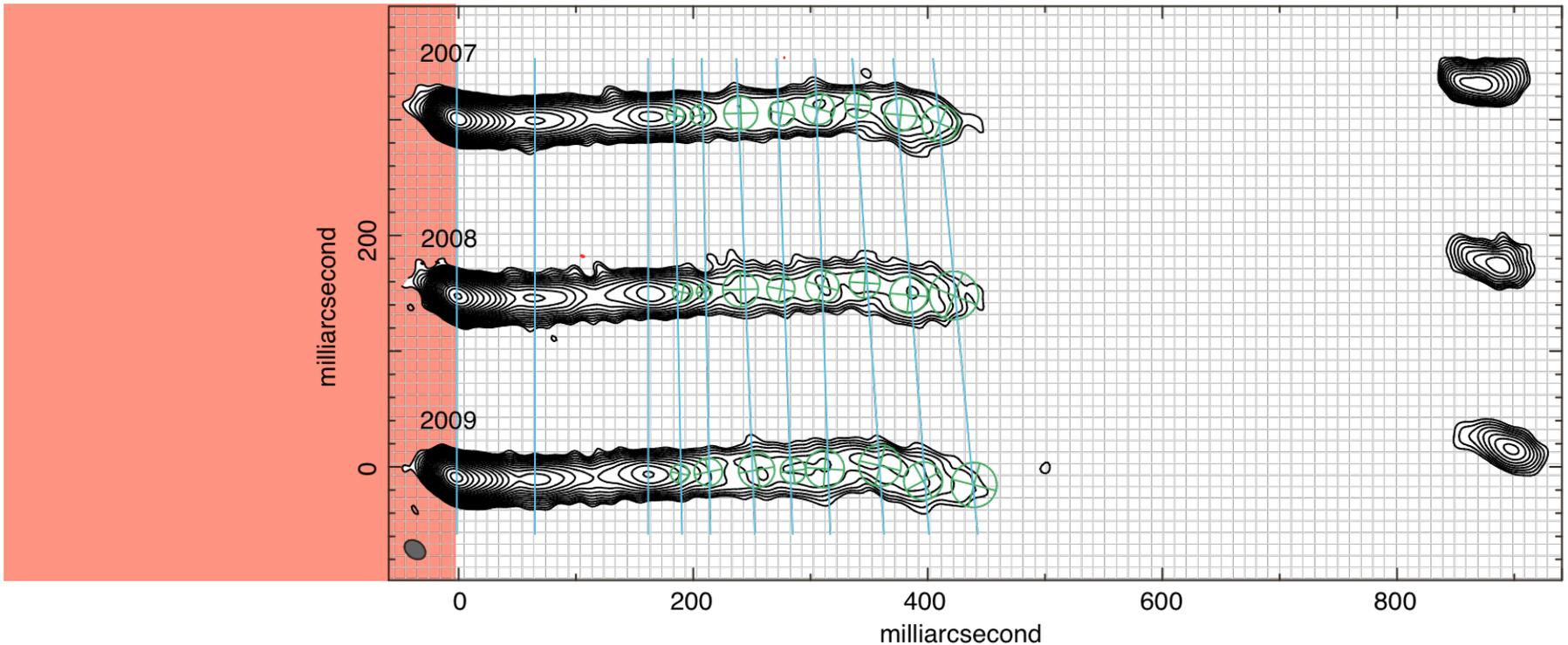
Imaging Re-collimation Process of the M87 jet



▶ **Is the M87 jet re-collimated to form HST-1?**

Imaging the counter-jets

Asada et al.



Detection of the counter-jets is very important;

- Constraining a proper viewing angle



Jet acceleration dynamics

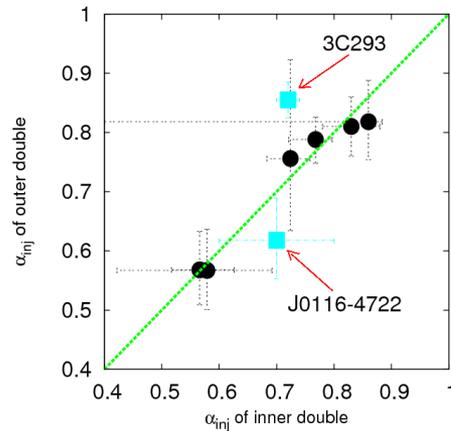
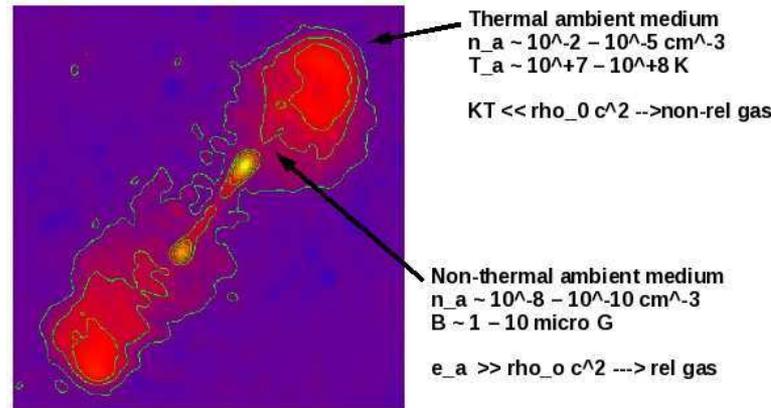


SED analysis for core emission profile



Modeling the accretion disk and BH shadow

Diffuse emission around FR II radio galaxies: episodic activity



$\alpha_{inj}^{inn} \sim \alpha_{inj}^{out}$: similar jet power
 (Konar & Hardcastle, 2013)

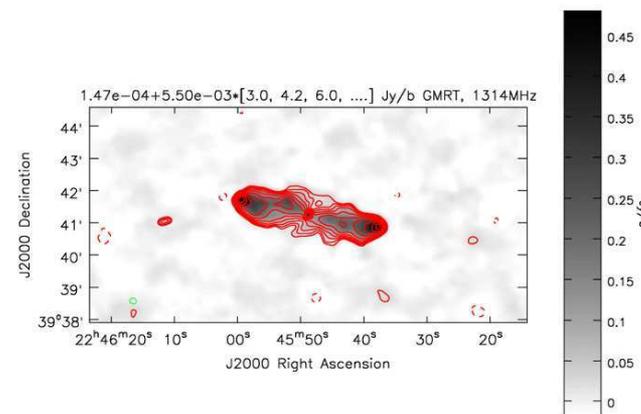
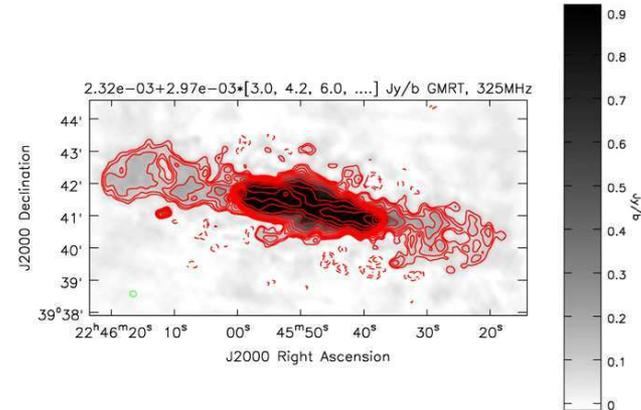


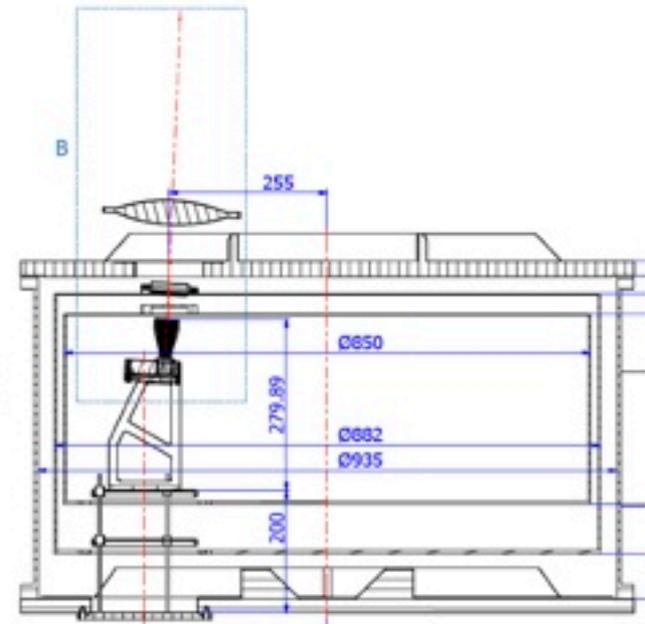
Figure 1. Contour maps of 3C452 at (top) 325 MHz and (bottom) 1314 MHz overlaid on the corresponding gray-scale images. The synthesized beam is $12''.1 \times 10''.8$ at position angle (P.A.) of $60^\circ.5$ for both maps, which were made using AIPS++. The contour values are given as (mean+rms \times [n1, n2, ...]). The small double source seen to the east (more obviously in the bottom panel) is a background radio source.

Newly discovered diffuse halo (Sirothia+, 2013)

Hope to discover many such radio haloes with the SKA

ALMA Band-1 Project Overview

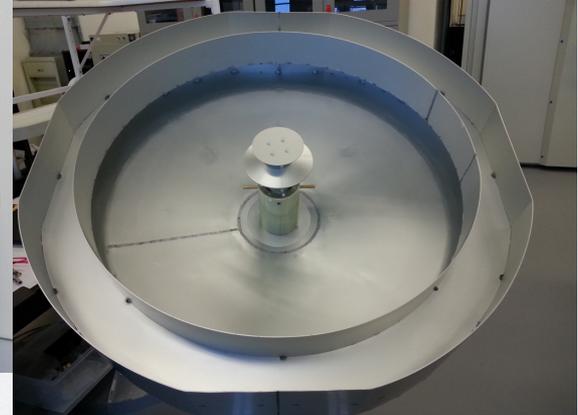
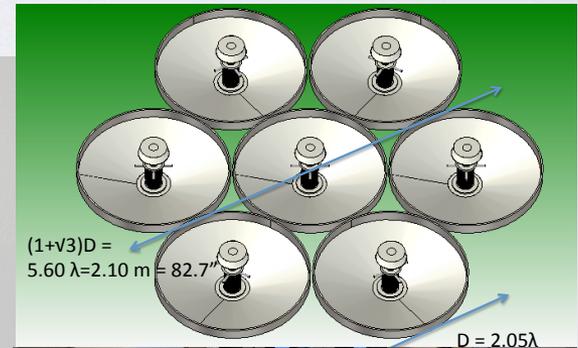
- Led by ALMA-EA (ASIAA)
- Cooperation with HIA (Canada), NRAO (USA) and U Chile.
- Freq.: 35-52 GHz in SSB operation
- Receiver Noise Temp.: 25-32 K (expected) @ 15K
- PDR in July 2013
- CDR in 2014
- End of project: Summer 2019



Development of SKA instruments is our natural extension.

GBT-HIM: 800 MHZ MULTI-BEAM HIM PROJECT

- GBT-HIM Project (P.I. T.-C. Chang): Building a 7-beam receiver at 700-945 MHz for redshifted HI survey at $0.5 < z < 1$ for BAO measurements.
- Use Short-backfire Antenna (SBA) with a edge-tapered reflector; with a cryogenic tube connecting to the dipole to reduce T_{sys} .
- Prototype for installation on GBT summer 2013; ASIAA+NRAO+GBT-HIM team



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