

Precessing Protostellar Outflows from a Potential Proto-Brown Dwarf System IRAS 16253-2429

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Introduction

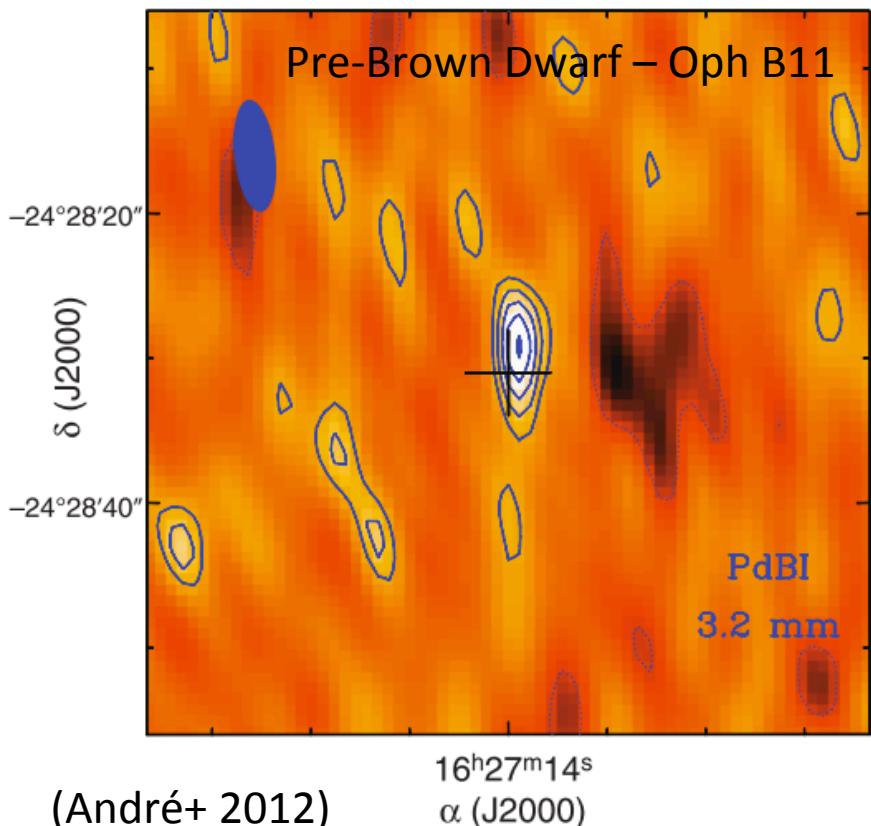
- Brown dwarf (BD)
 - $M < 0.08 M_{\odot}$
- The BD formation mechanism is still unclear
(Padoan & Nordlund 2004, Bate et al. 2002, Whitworth & Zinnecker 2004, Stamatellos 2013)

$$M_{\text{JEANS}} = \frac{4\pi^{5/2}}{24} \frac{c_s^3}{(G^3 \rho)^{1/2}}$$

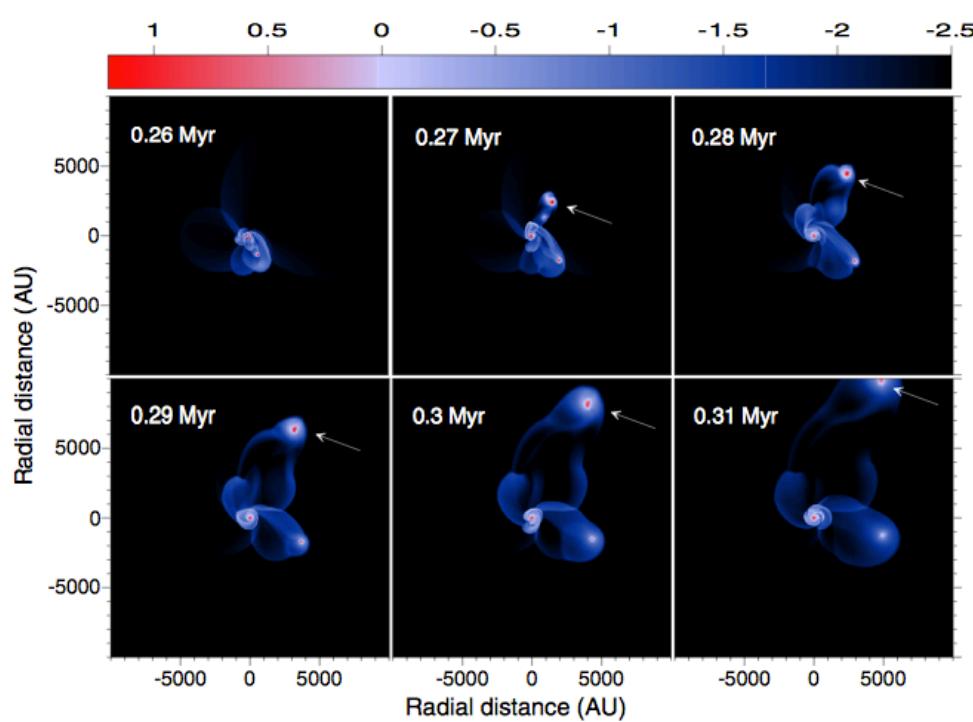
- To form a BD, $M_{\text{JEANS}} < 0.08 M_{\odot}$
 $\rho > 10^{-16} \text{g cm}^{-3}$

Brown dwarf formation

1. Form through gravitational collapse



2. Form like planet and be ejected later

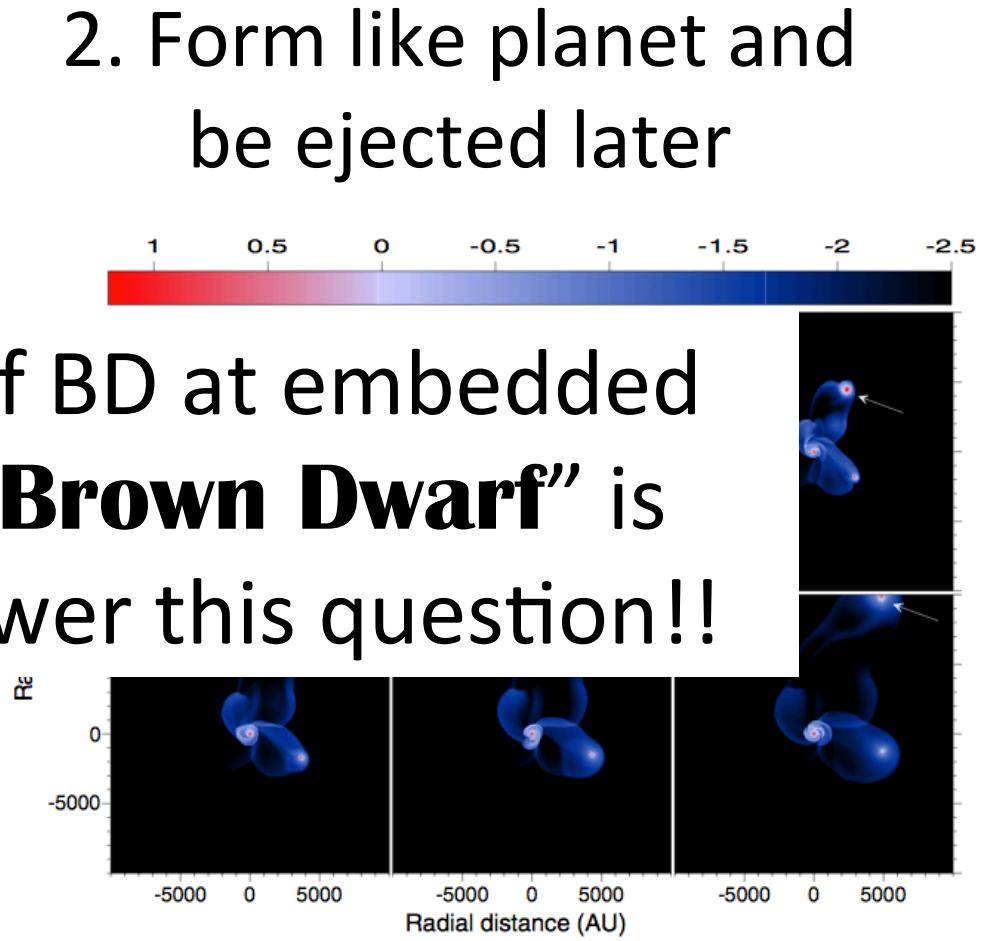
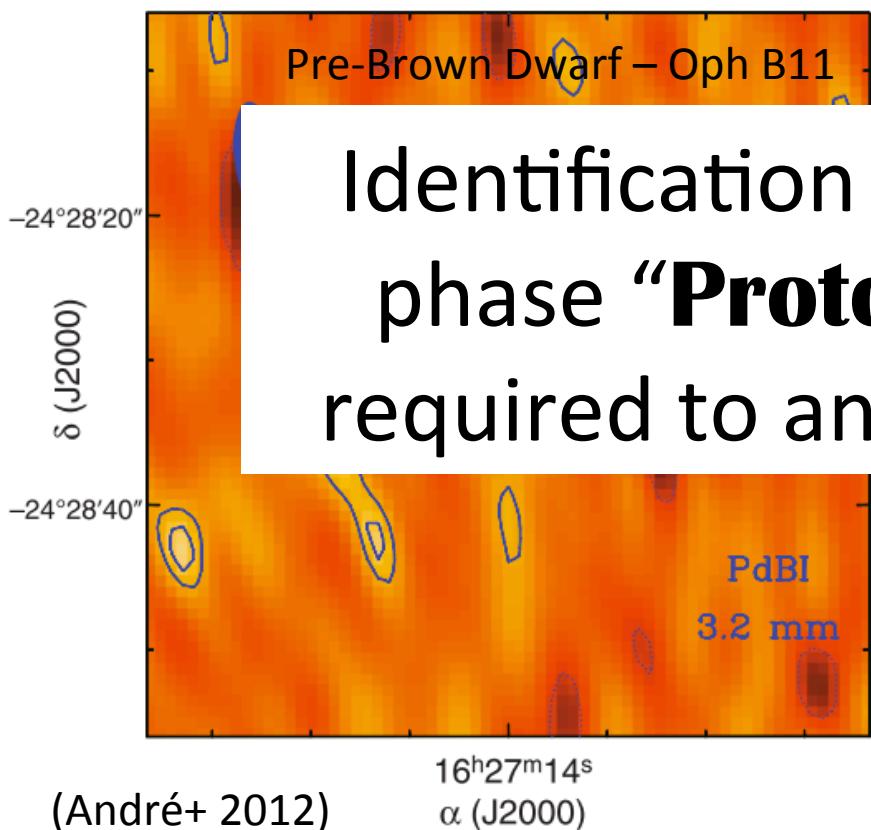


(Basu & Vorobyov 2012)

Brown dwarf formation

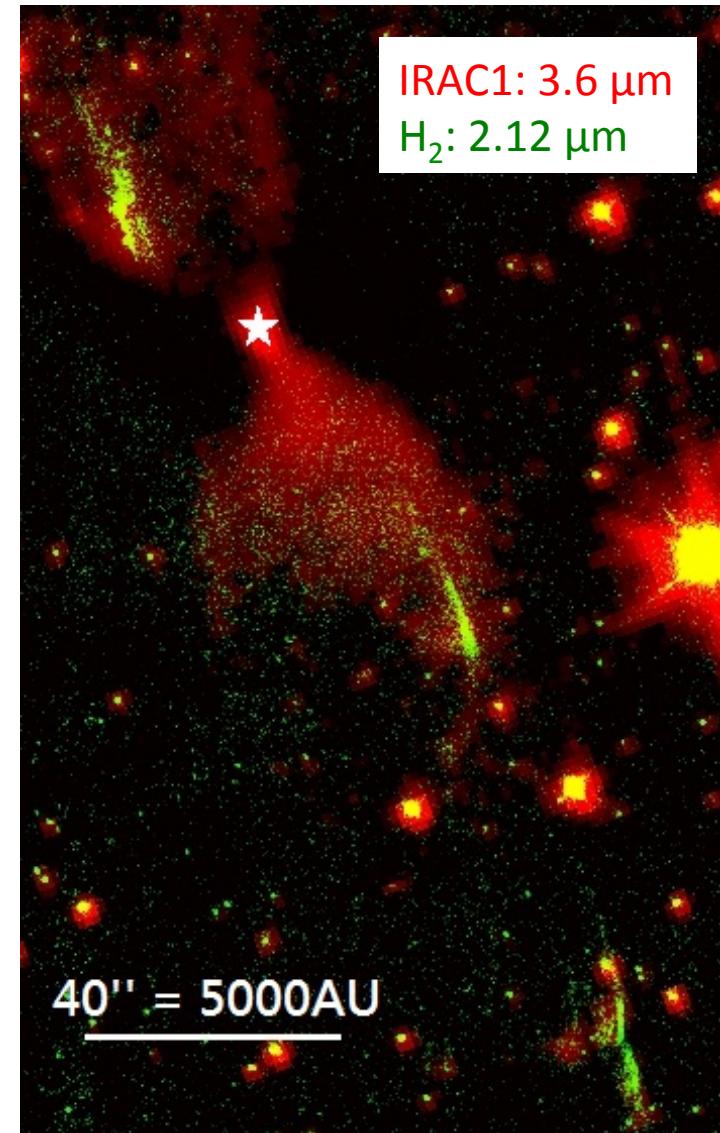
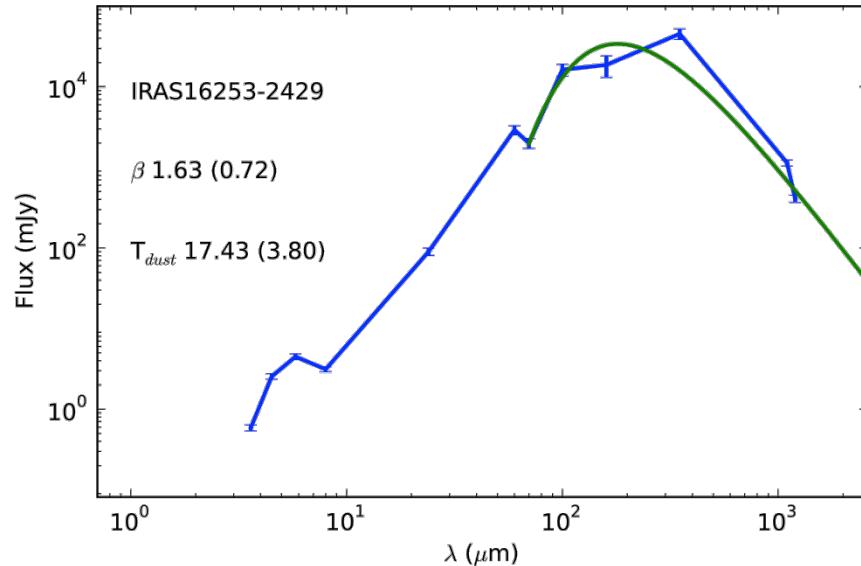
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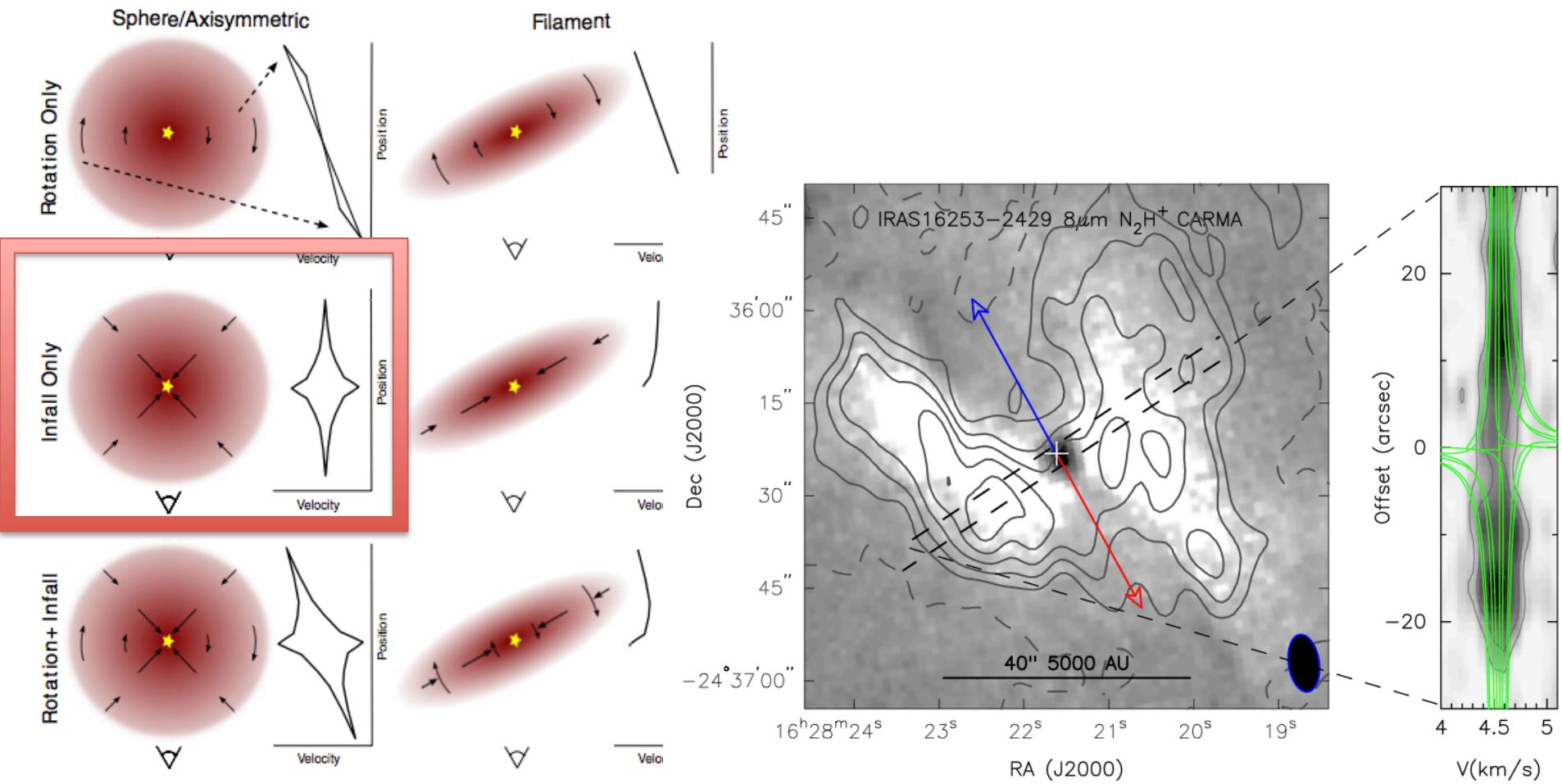
Introduction - IRAS 16253-2429

- $L_{\text{int}} = 0.09 L_{\odot}$
 $L_{\text{Bol}} = 0.45 \pm 0.08 L_{\odot}$ (Dunham+ 2008)
 $T_{\text{bol}} = 30 \pm 2 \text{ K}$
- $T_{\text{dust}} = 17 \pm 4 \text{ K}$
 $N_2D^+/N_2H^+ = 0.064 \pm 0.005$ (Hsieh+ 2015)
- $M_{\text{env}} = 0.46 M_{\odot}$ (Stanke+ 2006, Tobin+ 2012)



Central mass of IRAS 16253-2429

- $M_{\text{cent}} \lesssim 0.1 M_{\odot}$ is implied by the very narrow N_2H^+ line (Tobin+ 2012)

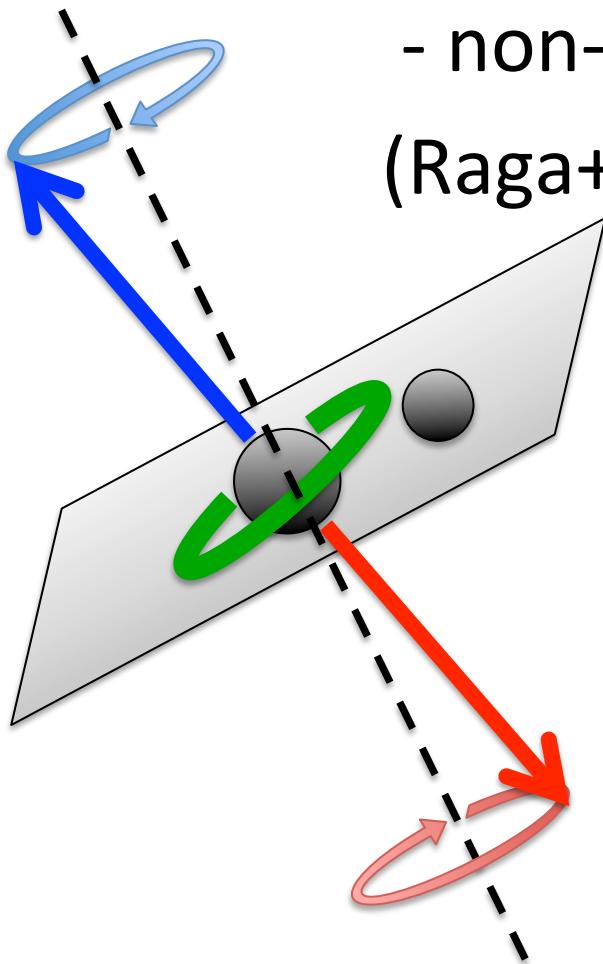
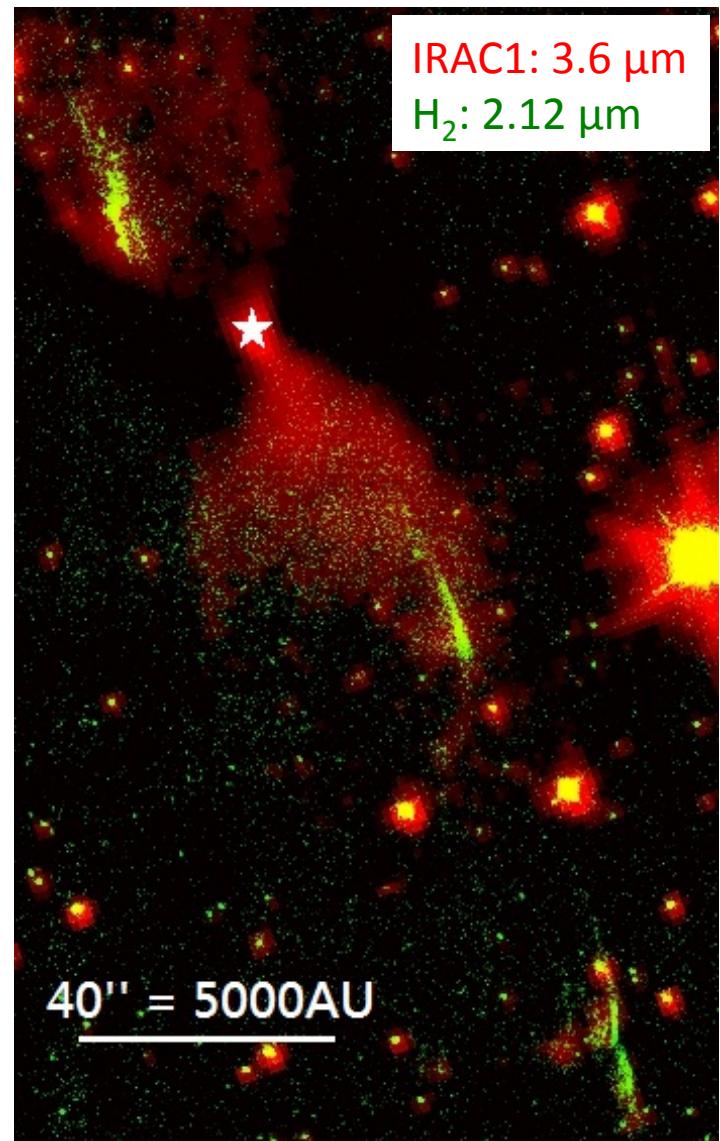


Existence of binary system?

The precessing outflow
(i.e. S shape)

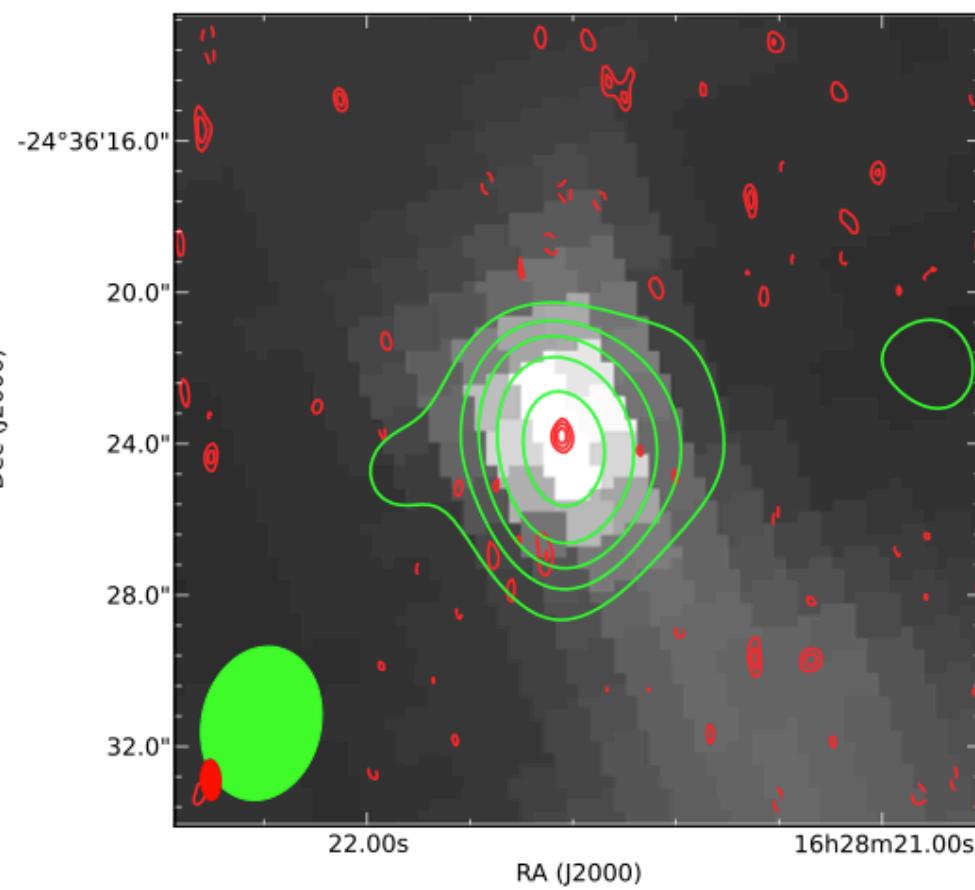
- non-coplanar disk

(Raga+ 2009)

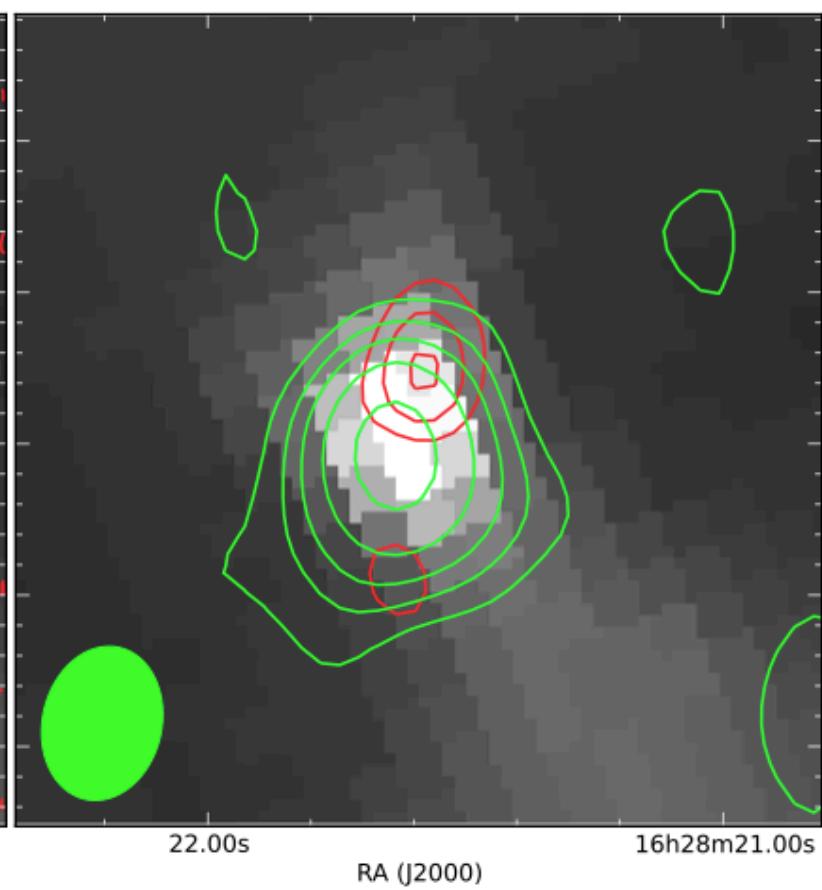


SMA + EVLA observations

SMA 224 GHz EVLA 43 GHz



SMA C¹⁸O (2-1) N₂D⁺ (3-2)

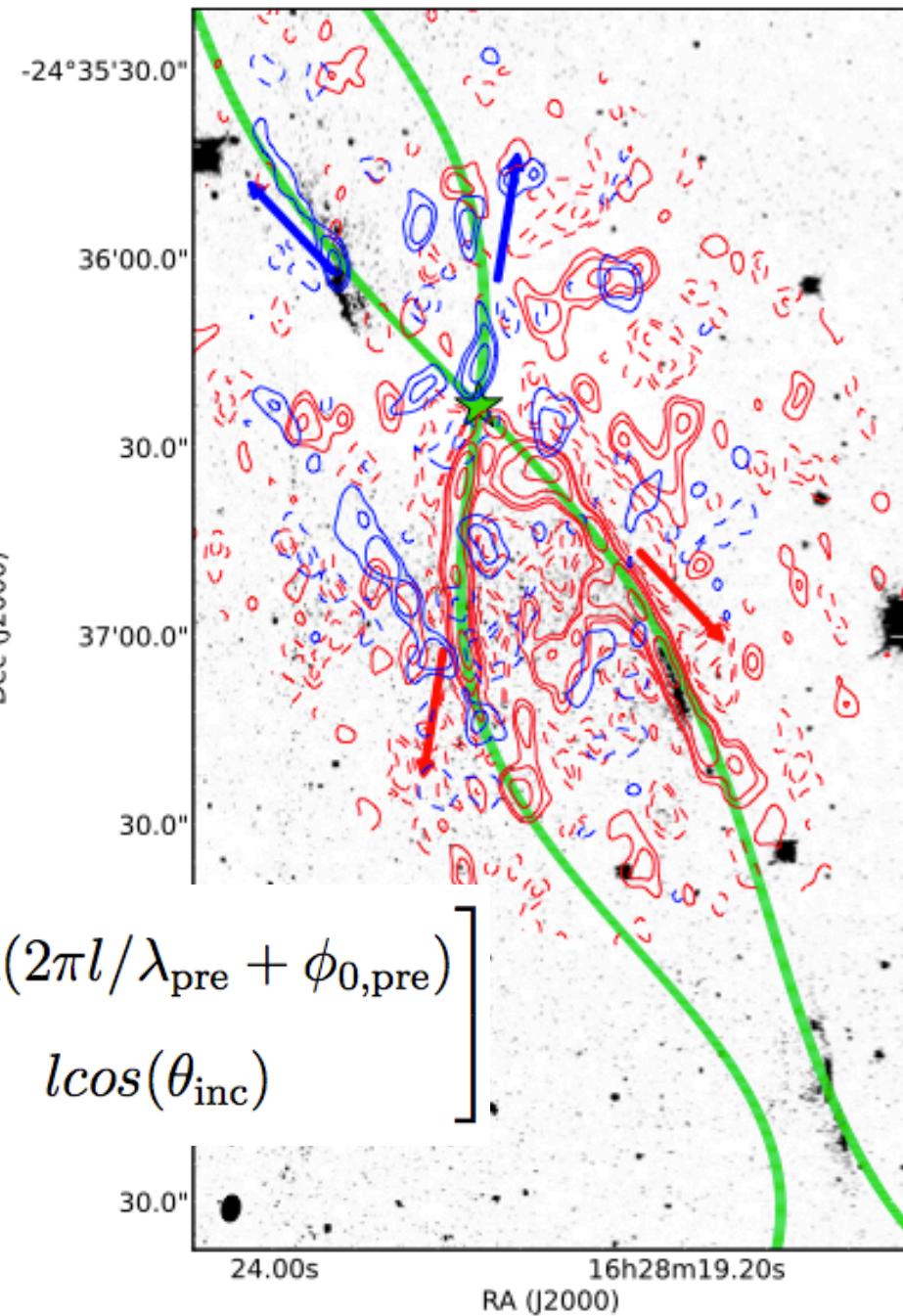


Binary system: Two outflows?

SMA CO (2–1)
+H₂ emision

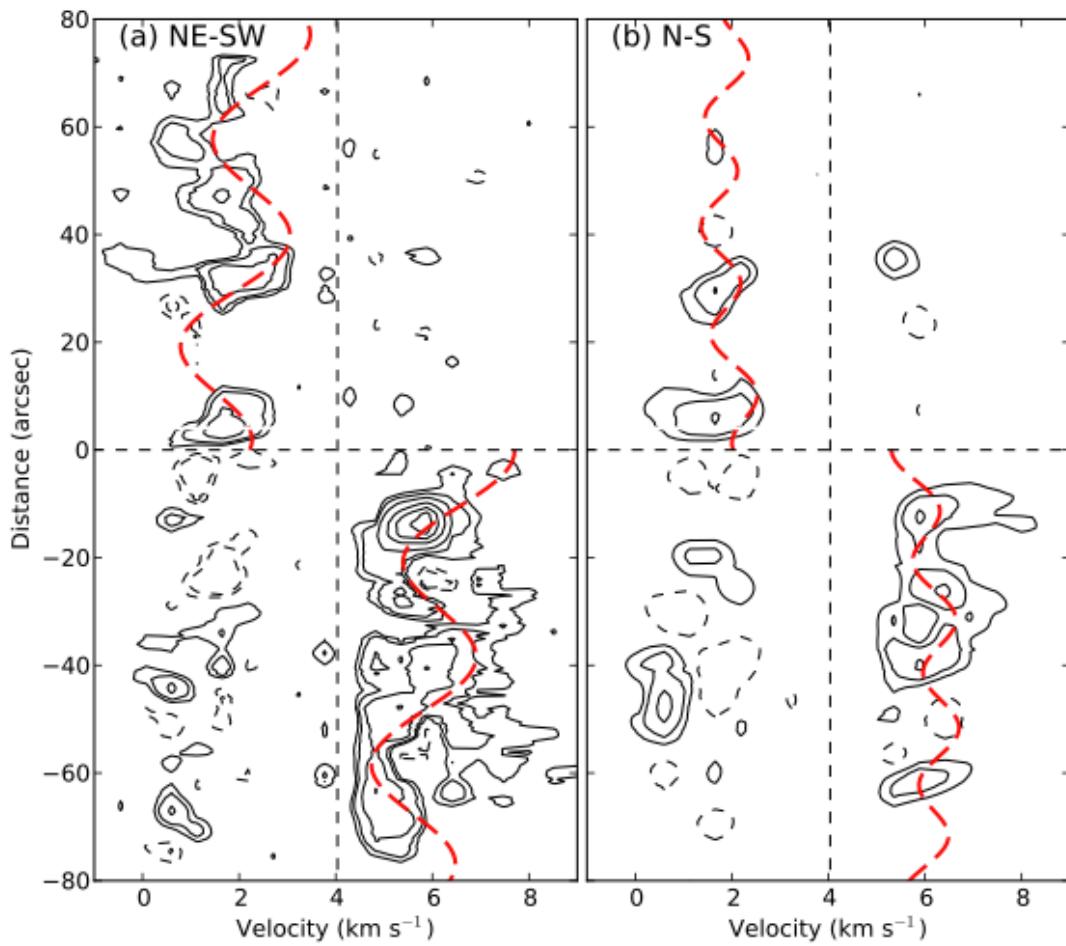
$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \psi & -\sin \psi \\ \sin \psi & \cos \psi \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \alpha l \sin(2\pi l/\lambda_{\text{pre}} + \phi_{0,\text{pre}}) \\ l \cos(\theta_{\text{inc}}) \end{bmatrix}$$

(Eislöffel+ 1996; Wu+ 2009)



Estimation of central mass

PV diagrams of the two jets



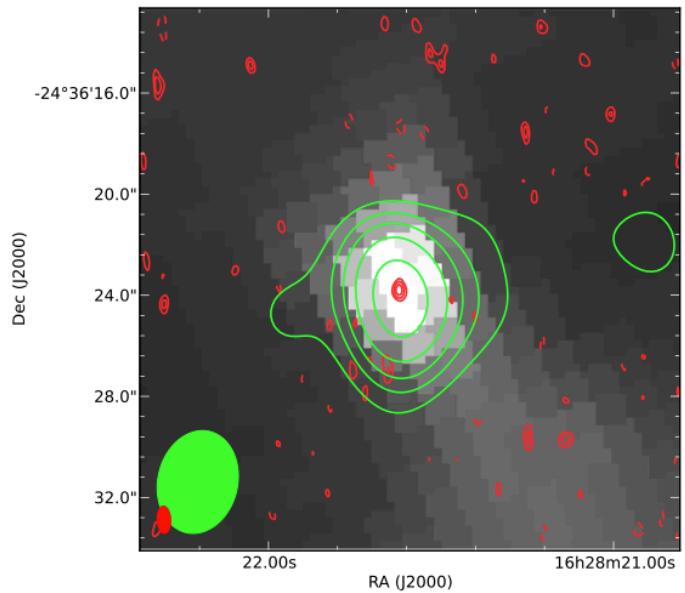
$$P_{\text{orb}} \sim 3000 \text{ yr}$$

$$P^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 a^3}{G(M_1 + M_2)}$$

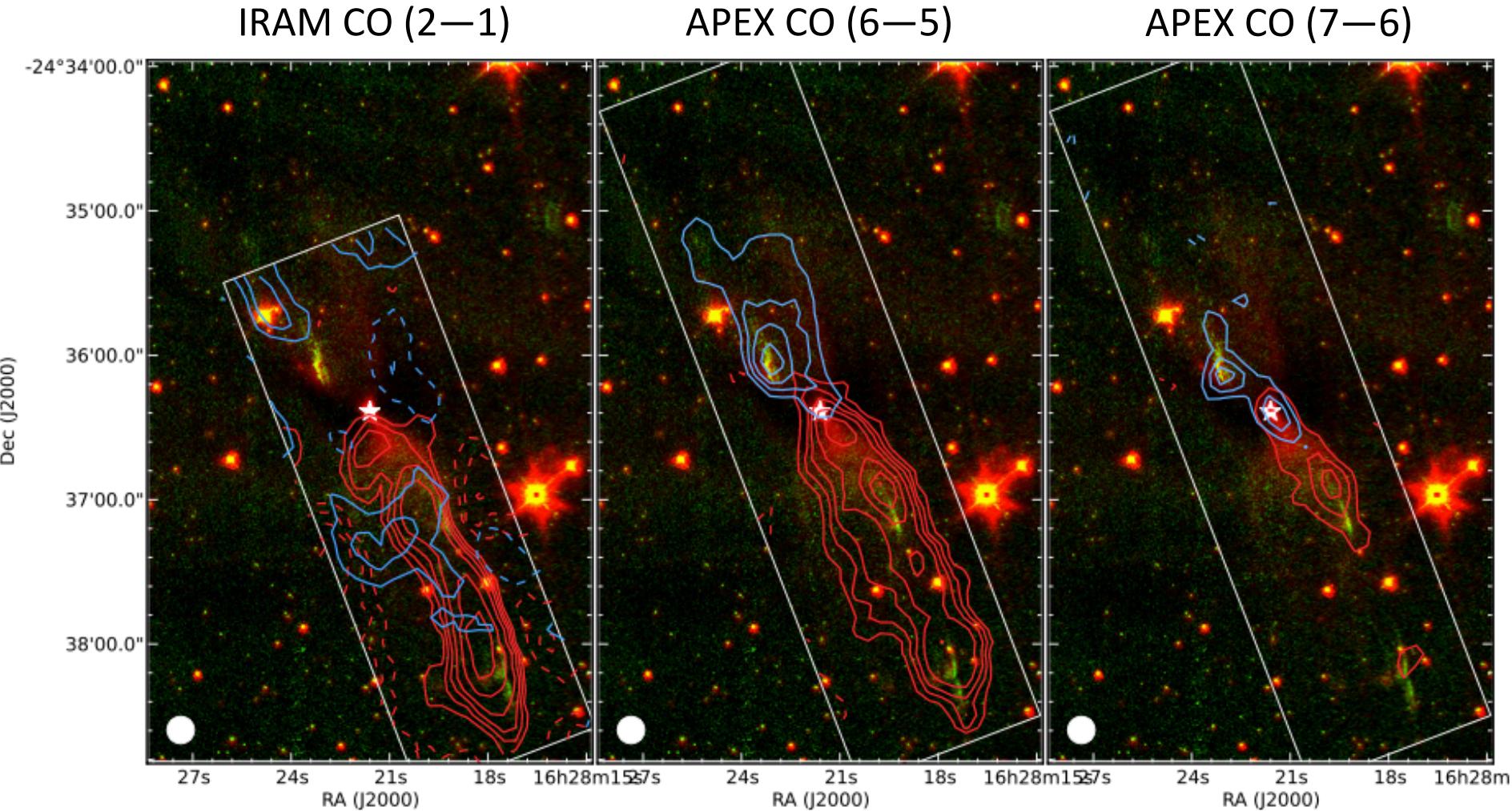
If $a < 90 \text{ AU} (0.72'')$

$M_{\text{central}} (M_1 + M_2) < 0.08 M_{\odot}$

Proto BD candidate?



IRAM 30m + APEX Champ⁺ observations



Outflow mass comparison

	Barsony+ 2010 H_2 lines	CO (6-5) and (2-1)	CO (6-5)
T_{gas} (K)	~ 1000 K (derived)	~ 20 - 60 K (derived)	120 K (assumed)
Red shifted	$7.95 \times 10^{-7} M_\odot$	$13.0 \times 10^{-4} M_\odot$	$3.8 \times 10^{-4} M_\odot$
Blue shifted	$5.78 \times 10^{-7} M_\odot$	$1.8 \times 10^{-4} M_\odot$	$0.4 \times 10^{-4} M_\odot$
Total	$13.7 \times 10^{-7} M_\odot$	$14.8 \times 10^{-4} M_\odot$	$4.2 \times 10^{-4} M_\odot$

If we assume $\dot{M}_{\text{outflow}} \sim (0.1 - 0.5) \dot{M}_{\text{acc}}$ (Hartigan et al. 1995)

$M_{\text{star}} (A)$	$3\text{-}14 \times 10^{-6} M_\odot$	$0.004\text{-}0.015 M_\odot$	$0.001\text{-}0.004 M_\odot$
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Summary

1. A proto brown dwarf candidate - IRAS 16253-2429:

$$M_{\text{env}} = 0.46 M_{\odot} \text{ (Stanke+ 2006; Tobin+ 2012)}$$

$$M_{\text{cen,dyn}} \sim 0.08 (a/90 \text{ AU})^3 M_{\odot}$$

$$M_{\text{cen, jet}} \sim 0.004-0.015 M_{\odot}$$

2. Outflow morphology

CO (2-1): low-J transition traces outflow cavity

CO (6-5): mid-J transition traces more excited gas (H_2 jet)

3. Mass of outflows:

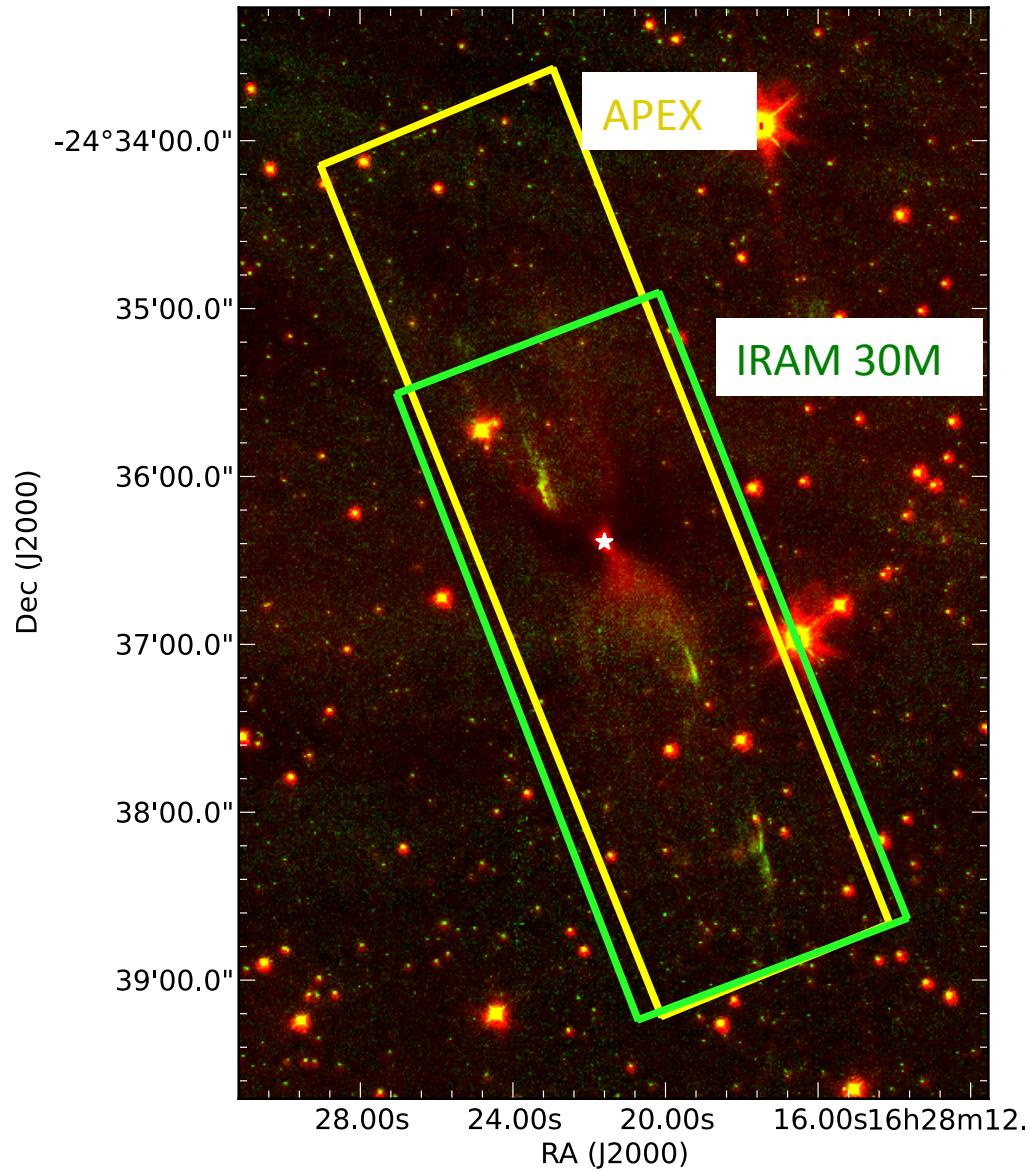
- hot gas (1000K): $1.4 \times 10^{-6} M_{\odot}$ (Barsony+ 2010)

- warm gas (120 K): $4.2 \times 10^{-4} M_{\odot}$

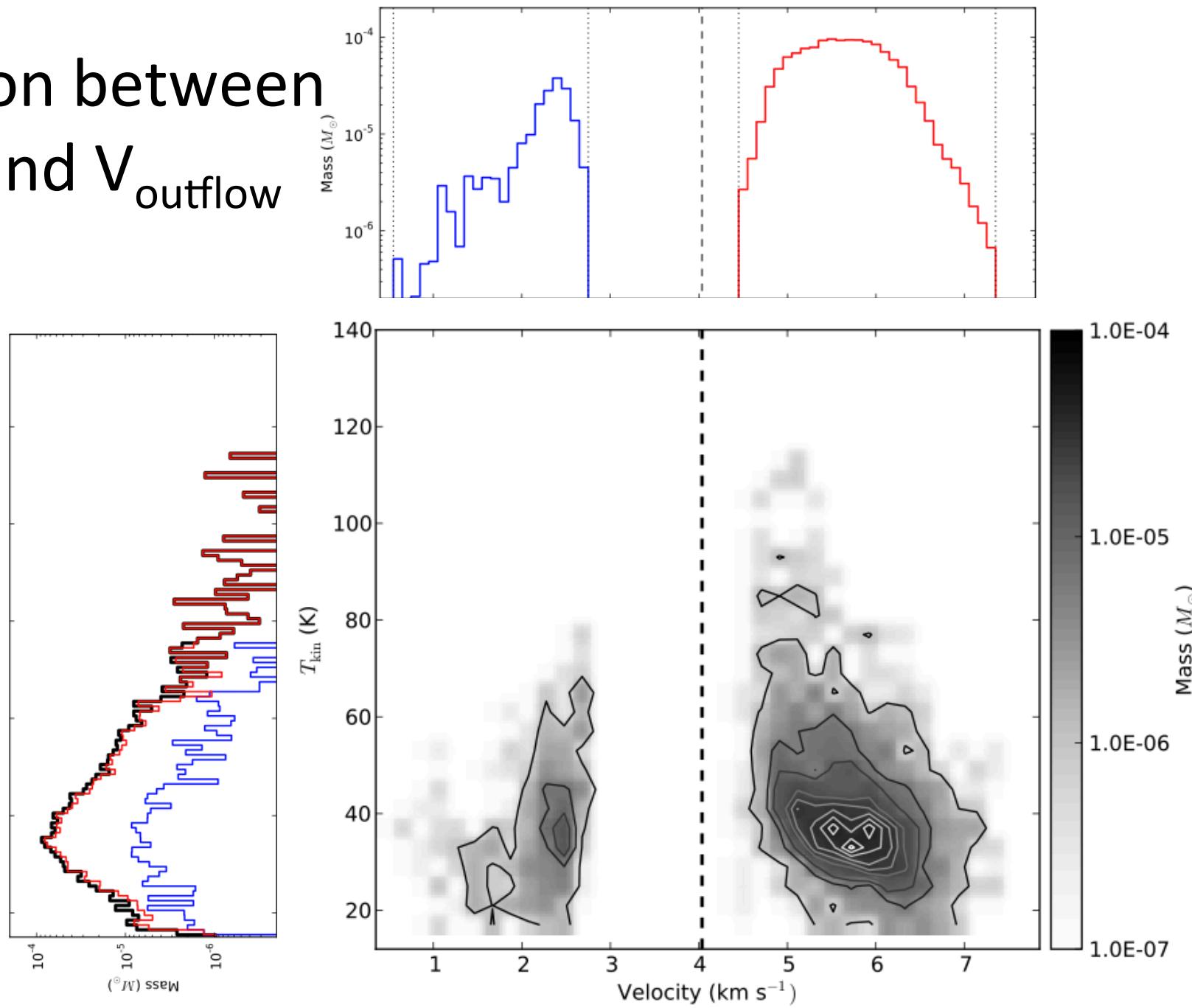
- cold gas (20-60 K): $14.8 \times 10^{-4} M_{\odot}$

Outflow observations

- IRAM 30M
CO (2—1)
 $\sigma = 0.46 \text{ K at } 0.1 \text{ km s}^{-1}$
- APEX Champ+
CO (6—5)
 $\sigma = 0.49 \text{ K at } 0.1 \text{ km s}^{-1}$



Relation between T_{kin} and V_{outflow}



The outflows in large scale

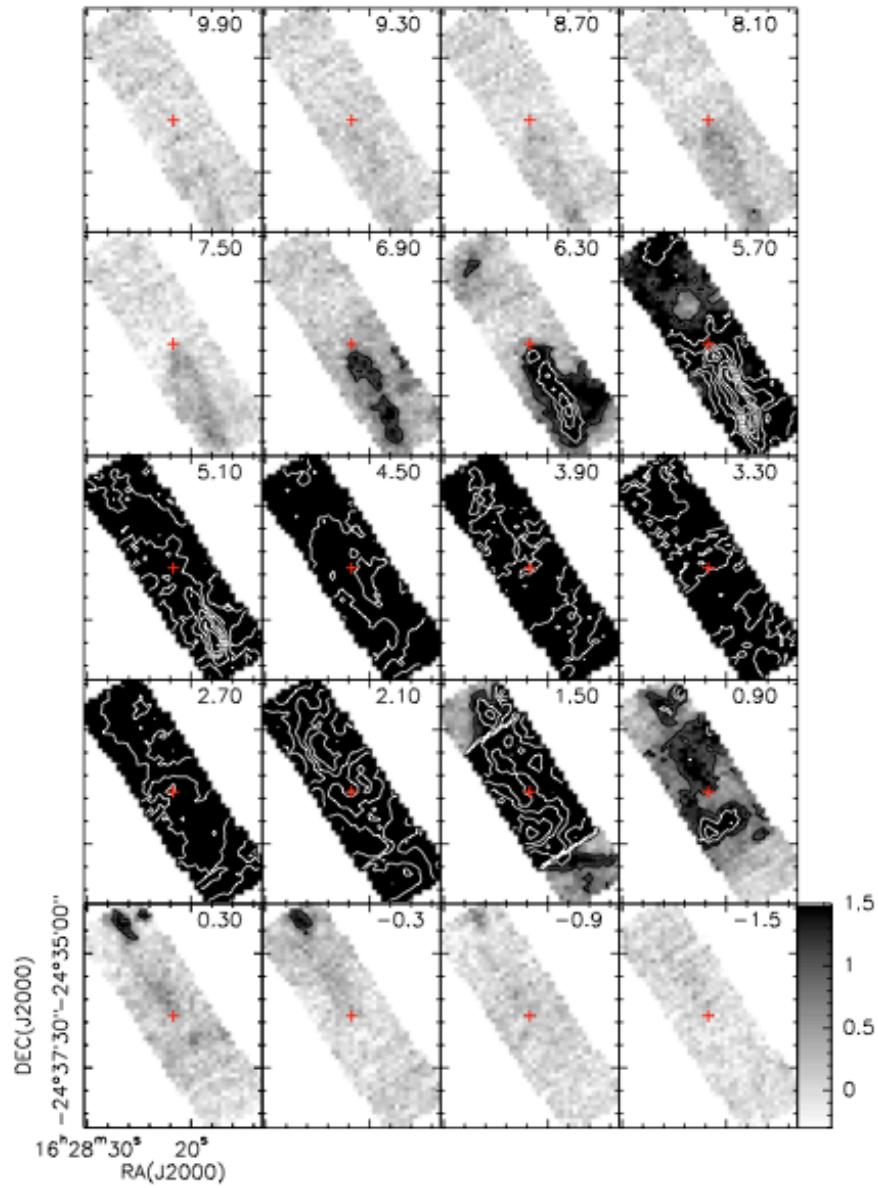
JCMT CO (3—2) obs.

Stanke et al. (2006)

$$M_{\text{outflow}} = 3.37 \times 10^{-3} M_{\odot}$$

(assuming

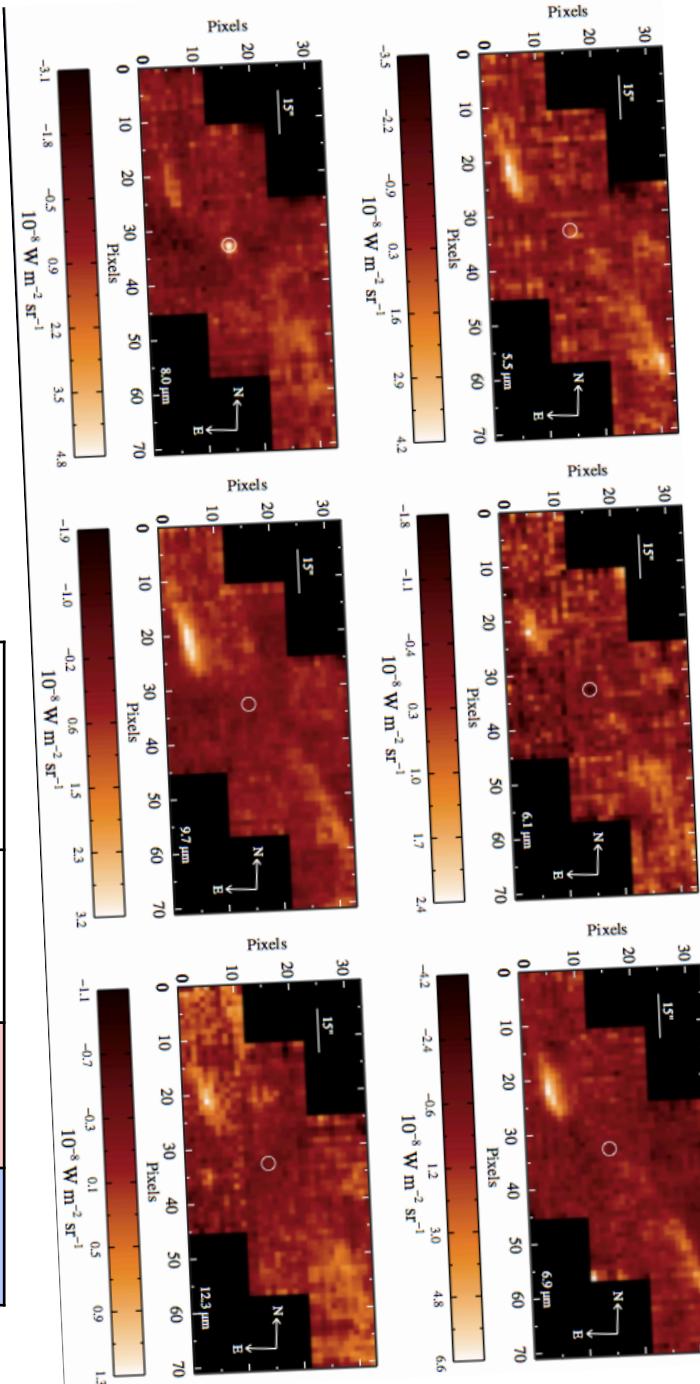
$$\tau_{\text{CO}} / (1 - e^{-\tau_{\text{CO}}}) = 3.5$$



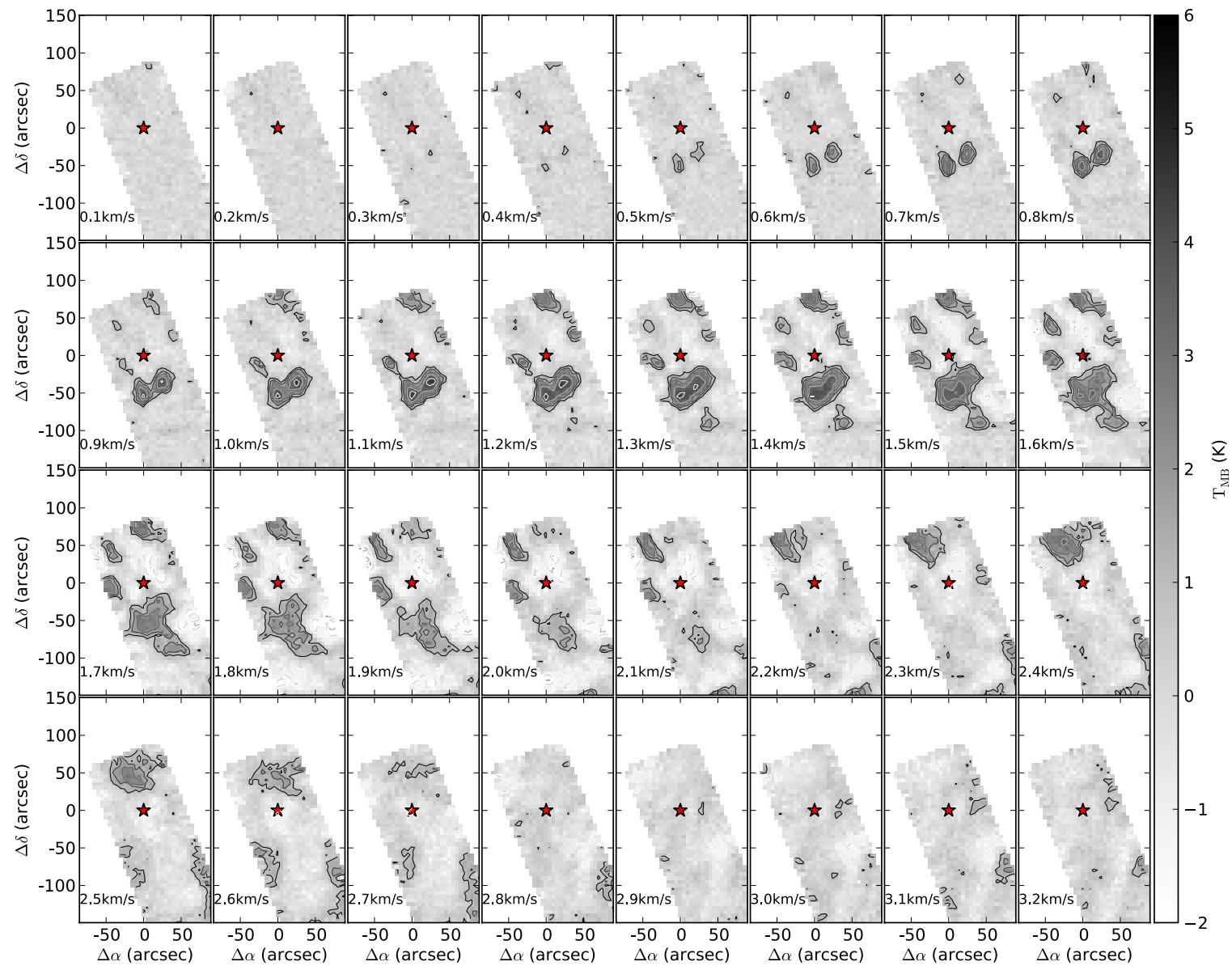
$$M_{\text{hot}}/M_{\text{cold}} \sim 10^{-3}$$

Spitzer IRS H₂ obs.
(Barsony et al. 2010)

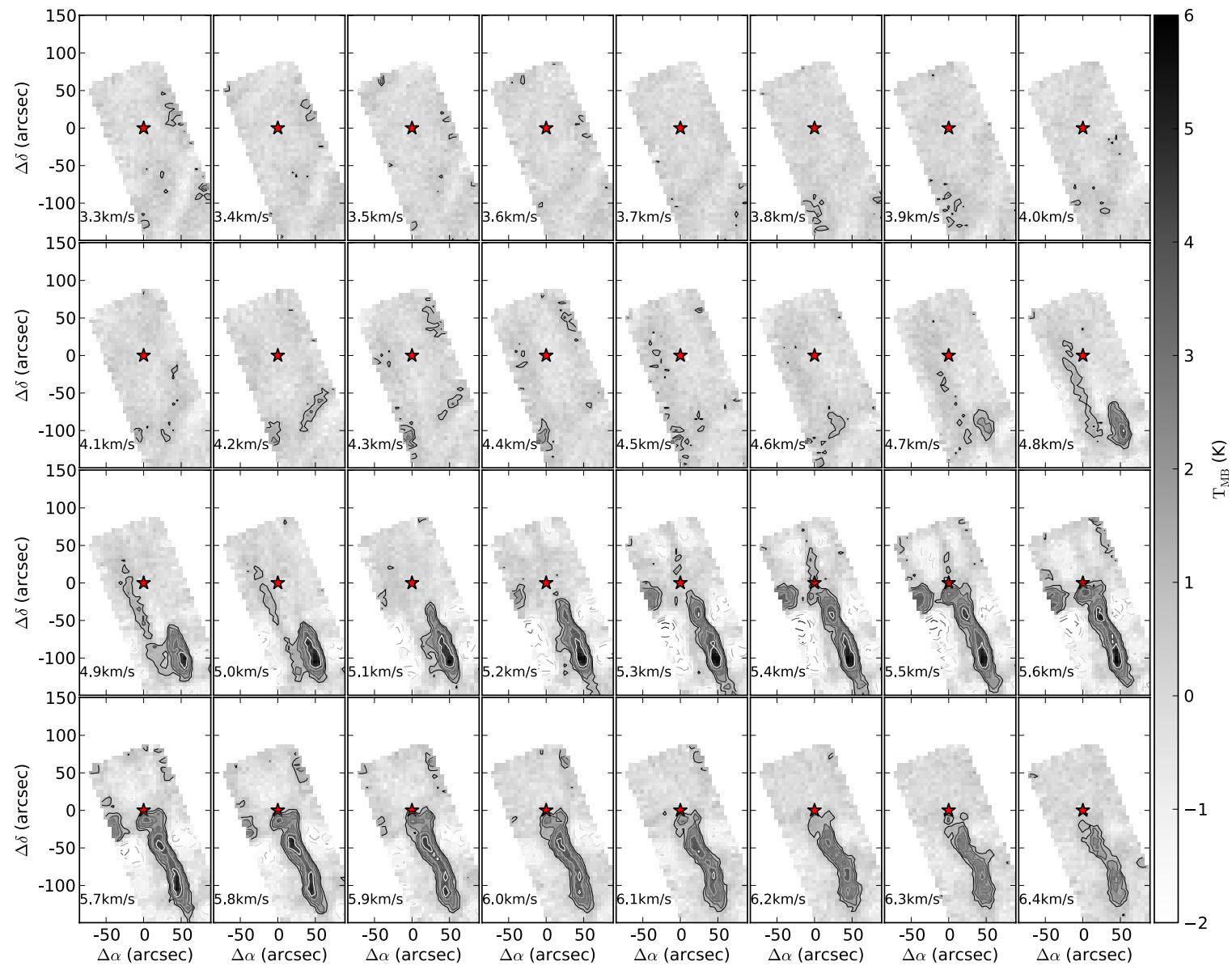
M_{outflow}	Barsony+ 2010 H ₂ line obs.	Stanke+ 2006 CO (3–2) obs.
T_{gas} (K)	1000 K (derived)	30 K (assumed)
Red shifted	$7.95 \times 10^{-7} M_{\odot}$	$28.2 \times 10^{-4} M_{\odot}$
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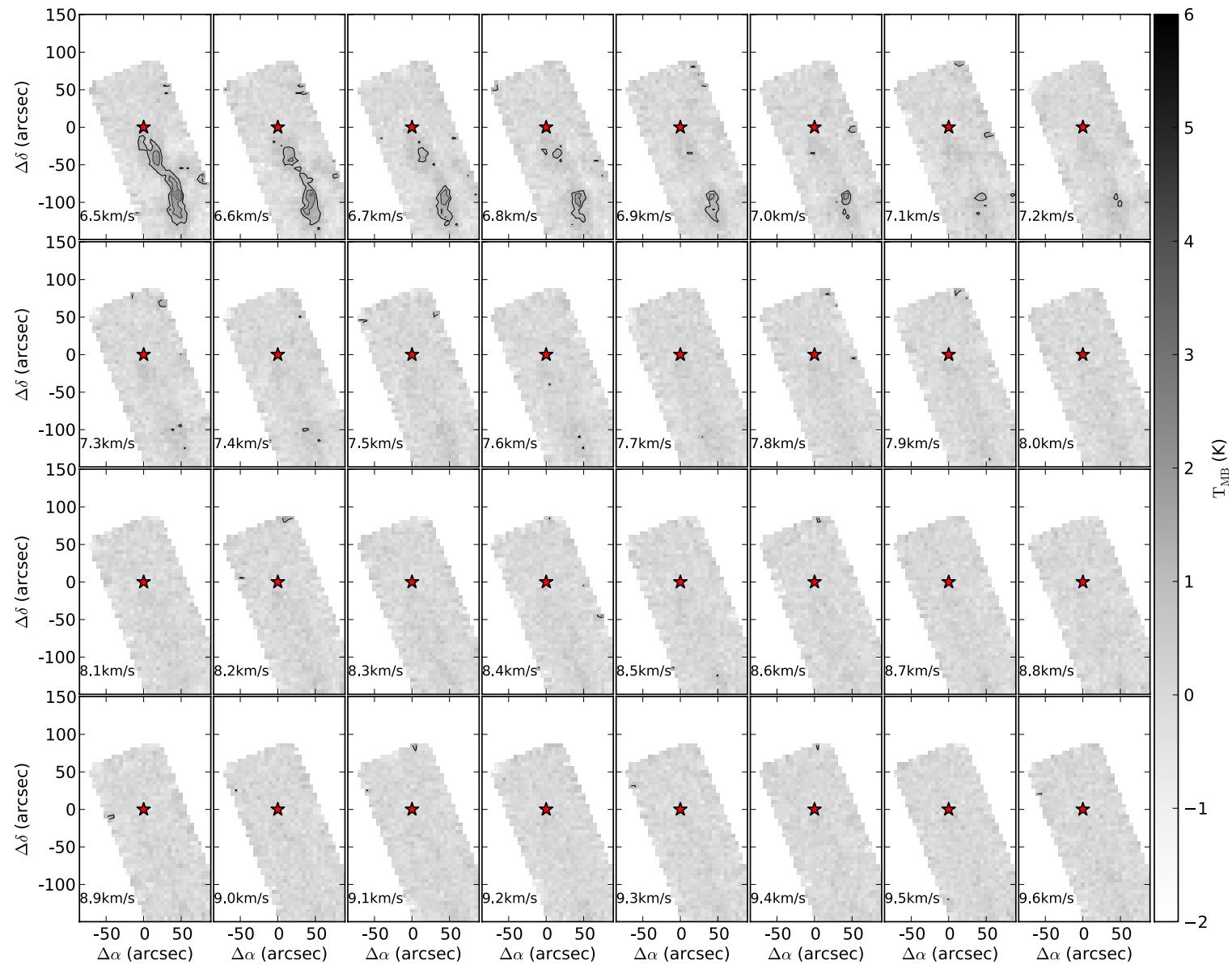
Channel maps of CO (2–1)



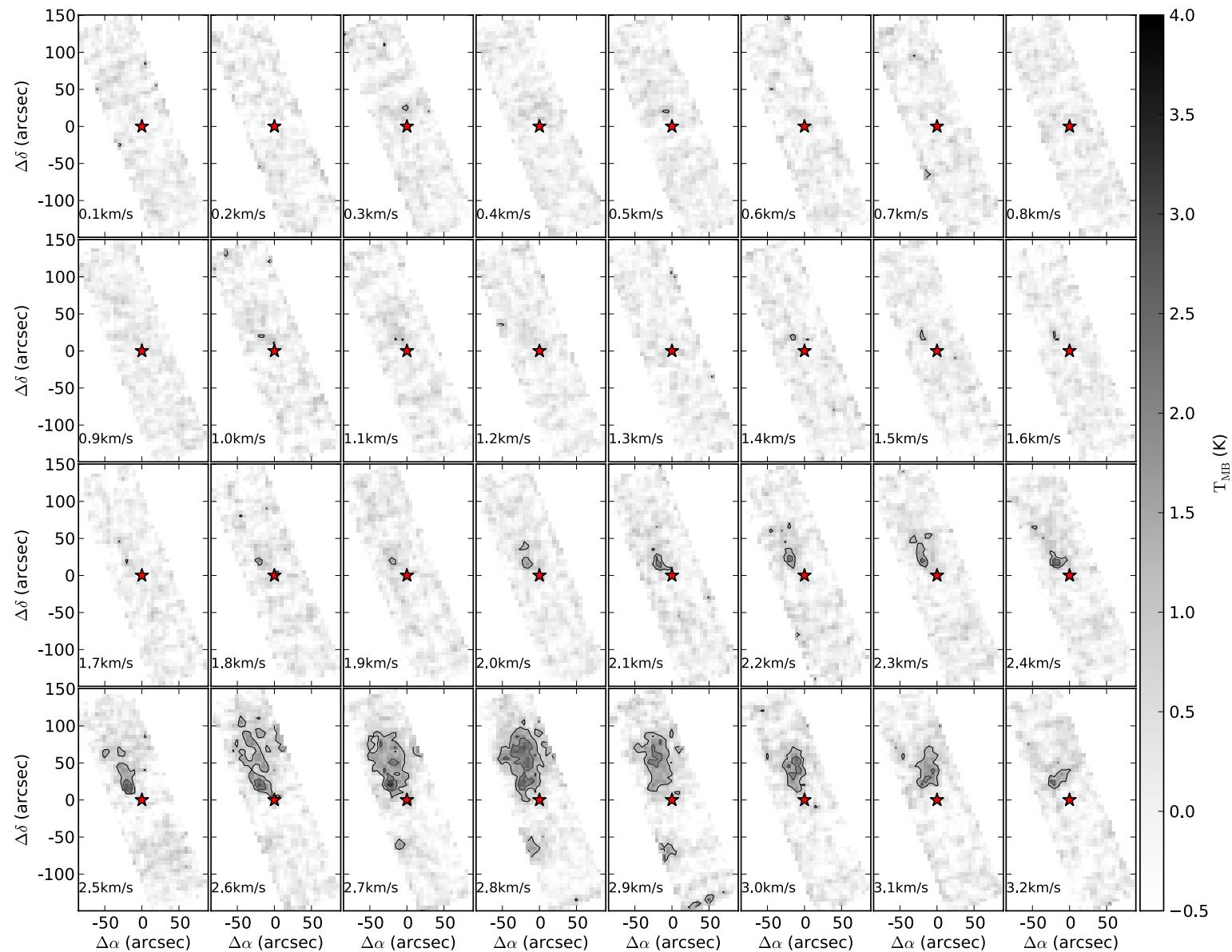
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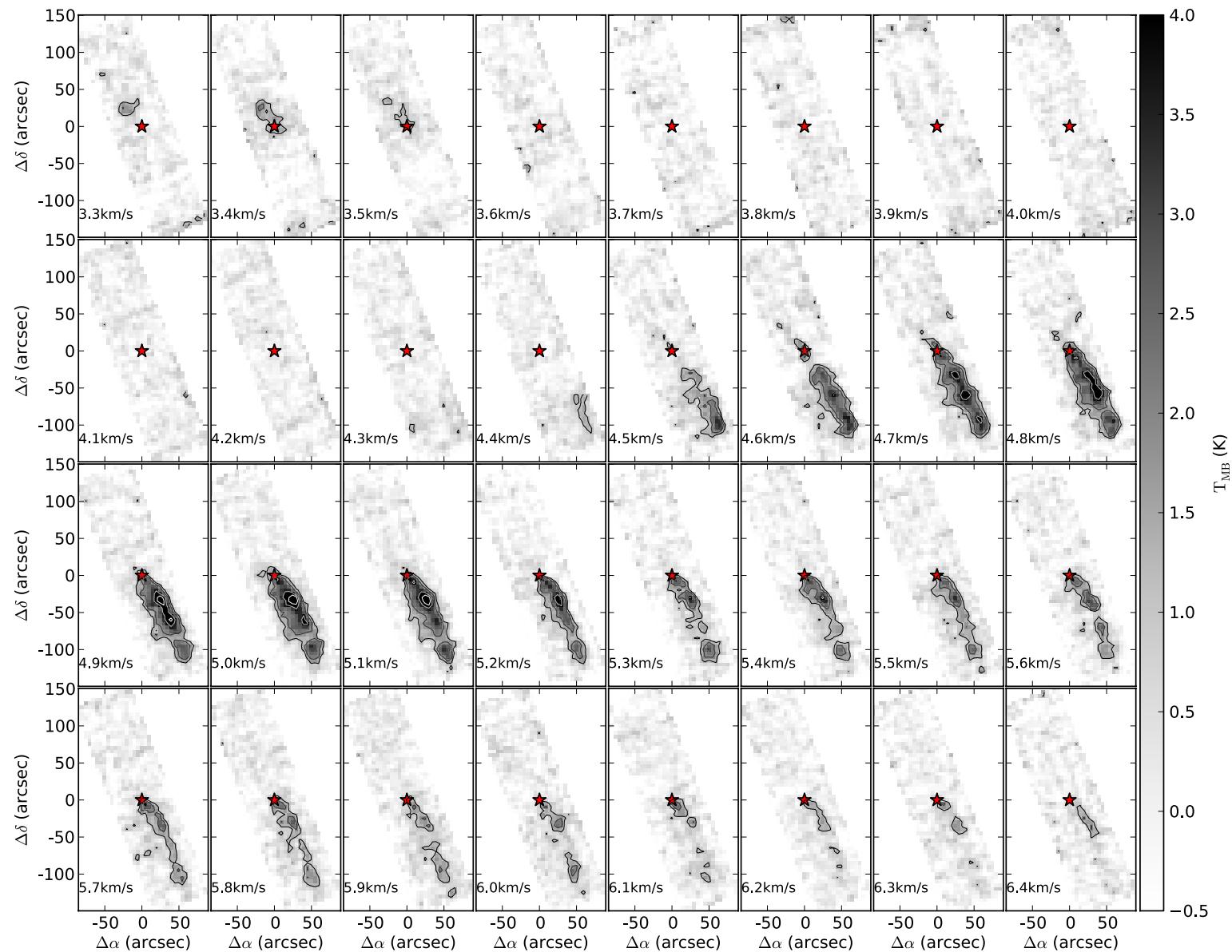
Channel maps of CO (2–1)



Channel maps of CO (6–5)



Channel maps of CO (6–5)



Channel maps of CO (6–5)

